## 14-2 Fractions

I can reduce fractions
I can add/subtract fractions
I can multiply/divide fractions


## You Try! REDUCE the following fractions



$$
\frac{45}{30}=\frac{3}{2}
$$

$$
2(4 x-1)
$$

$\frac{11 x}{44} \frac{x}{4}$


Find the LCD of the two fractions

$\frac{1}{(x+2)}$ and
$(x+2)(x+3)$

You Try! Find the LCD of the two fractions
$\frac{4}{5}$ and $\frac{5}{4}$

$\frac{2}{x}$ and $\frac{13}{x-1}$
$\frac{3}{x}$ and $\frac{5}{9}$
$9 x$
$x(x-1) \rightarrow \checkmark$

$$
x^{2}-x
$$

Add/subtract the following fractions

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 2 \cdot \frac{2}{2 \cdot 3}+\frac{5}{6} \frac{4}{6}+\frac{5}{6}=\frac{9}{6}=\frac{3}{2} \\
& 2 \cdot \frac{2}{9}-\frac{1 \cdot 3}{6 \cdot 3} \rightarrow \frac{4}{18}-\frac{3}{18}=\frac{1}{18} \\
& 2 \cdot \frac{1}{2 x^{2}}+\frac{3 x}{4 x} x \rightarrow \frac{2}{4 x^{2}}+\frac{3 x}{4 x^{2}}=\frac{2+3 x}{4 x^{2}} \\
& \frac{2 C D \cdot 4 x^{2}}{x \cdot 3 x}(x+1)-\frac{7(x+1)}{x(x+1)} \rightarrow \frac{3 x^{2}}{x(x+1)}-\frac{(7 x+7)}{x(x+1)}=\frac{3 x^{2}-7 x-7}{x(x+1)} \\
& (C D x(x+1)
\end{aligned}
$$

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { You Try! Add/subtract the following fractions } \\
& \begin{array}{l}
\frac{9}{30} \frac{3}{10}+\frac{4}{15} \frac{8}{30} \quad\left(\frac{17}{30}\right) \\
2 x \cdot \frac{7 x}{3}-\frac{9}{2 x} \cdot 3 \frac{14 x^{2}}{(3)(2 x)}-\frac{27}{(3)(2 x)}=\frac{14 x^{2}-27}{6 x} \\
\frac{x}{x+5}+\frac{3}{x-1} \frac{x(x-1)}{(x+5)(x-1)}+\frac{3(x+5)}{(x+5)(x-1)} \\
\cdot \frac{\left.x^{2}-8\right)}{(x+5)(x-1)} \frac{\sqrt{3 x}+15}{(x+5)(x-1)} \\
\frac{x^{2}+2 x+15}{(x+5)(x-1)}
\end{array}
\end{aligned}
$$

## Multiply the fractions and SIMPLIFY

$$
\frac{3}{5} \cdot \frac{3}{4}=\frac{9}{20}
$$

$$
\frac{3}{1} \cdot \frac{2}{93} \cdot \frac{6}{9}=\frac{2}{3} \quad \frac{2}{3}
$$

$$
\frac{2}{5 \nless} \cdot \frac{3 \not k}{7}=\frac{6}{35}
$$

$$
\frac{x}{(x-4)} \cdot \frac{3}{(x+1)}=\frac{3 x}{(x-4)(x+1)}
$$

## You Try! Multiply the fractions and SIMPLIFY

$\frac{14}{15} \cdot \frac{4}{5} \frac{96}{75}$
$\frac{5 x}{9} \cdot \frac{3 x}{2} \frac{15 x^{2}}{18} \frac{5 x^{2}}{6}$

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { Divide the following fractions then simplify } \\
& \frac{1}{2} \div \frac{3}{4} \frac{1}{12} \cdot \frac{4}{3}=\frac{2}{3} \quad \text { po not ' } 2 \text { no. } 1 \cdot \frac{3}{x+22}==\frac{3}{2} \\
& \frac{3}{5} \div \frac{7}{1} \frac{3}{5} \cdot \frac{1}{5}=\frac{3}{35} \\
& \frac{2 x}{5} \div \frac{3 x}{4} \frac{24}{5} \cdot \frac{4}{3 x}=\frac{8}{15} \\
& \frac{3}{x+1} \div \frac{x+3}{x} \frac{3}{(x+1)} \cdot \frac{x}{(x+3)}=\frac{3 x}{(x+1)(x+3)}
\end{aligned}
$$

You Try! Divide the following fractions then simplify

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \frac{11}{13} \div \frac{2}{3} \frac{11}{13} \cdot \frac{3}{2}=\frac{33}{26} \\
& \frac{5 x}{3} \div \frac{x}{7} \frac{7}{x} \frac{35 *}{3 *} \frac{35}{3}
\end{aligned}
$$

$$
\frac{x+3}{x} \div \frac{x-3}{x^{2}} \frac{(x+3)}{x} \div \frac{x^{*}}{x-3)}=\frac{(x+3) x}{x-3}=\frac{x^{2}+2 x}{x-3}
$$

$$
\frac{x^{x}}{*}=x
$$

You Try! Simplify (hint: order of operations!)
$\frac{5}{4}+\frac{8}{3} \div \frac{1}{2}$
$\frac{9}{10} \cdot 2-\frac{7}{2}$
$\frac{2}{3} x+\frac{3}{2} x-\frac{1}{6} x$

Watch
RUMBER YOWM
while doing your HW :)

