$\cong$ ASA
IAS
4-2 Triangle Similarity Theorems Hyp-69
P. 274 Q. 1

As you recall from yesterday:
In two similar figures all corresponding angles are congruent and corresponding sides are proportional.

Identify all of the corresponding congruent angles and all of the corresponding proportional sides using the similar triangles shown.


## P. 274 Q. 2

Construct triangle $D^{\prime} E^{\prime} F^{\prime}$ using onl $\angle D$ and $\angle E$ in triangle DEF as shown. Make all corresponding lengths of triangle D'E'F' $j$ ffferent from the side lengths of triangle DEF.


F
P. 275 Q. 3-4

Measure the angles and sides of triangle $D^{\prime} E^{\prime} F^{\prime}$ and triangle $D E F$. Are the two triangles similar? Explain your reasoning .


In triangles $D E F$ and $D^{\prime} E^{\prime} F^{\prime}$, two pairs of corresponding angles are congruent. Determine if this is sufficient information to conclude that the triangles are similar.
Yes

## Angle-Angle Similarity Theorem: $A A \sim \sim_{\text {similar }}$

$\nless$ If two angles of one triangle are congruent to two angles of another triangle, then the triangles are similar.

## $\triangle A B C \sim \triangle D E F$



$$
\text { If } \angle A \cong \angle D \text { and } \angle C \cong \angle F \text {, then } \triangle A B C \sim \triangle D E F
$$

## P. 275 Q. 5

Explain why this similarity theorem is Angle-Angle instead of Angle-Angle-Angle .

$$
\Delta \text { sum }=180
$$


P. 277 Q. 1

Construct triangle $D^{\prime} E^{\prime} F$ ' by doubling the lengths of sides $\overline{D E}$ and $\overline{E F}$. Construct the new $D^{\prime} E^{\prime}$ and $E^{\prime} F^{\prime}$ separately and then $\overline{E^{\prime} F^{\prime}}$ construct the triangle. This will ensure a ratio of $2: 1$. Do not $\overline{D^{\prime} E^{\prime}}$ duplicate angles.


## P. 277 Q. 2-3

Measure the angles and sides of triangle $D^{\prime} E^{\prime} F^{\prime}$ and triangle $D E F$. Are the two triangles similar? Explain your reasoning.


Two pairs of corresponding sides are proportional. Determine if this is sufficient information to conclude that the triangles are similar. NO!
P. 278 Q. 4

Construct triangle $D^{\prime} E$ ' $F$ ' by doubling the lengths of sides $\overline{D E}, \overline{E F}$, and $\overline{F D}$. Construct the new side lengths separately, and then construct the triangle. Do not duplicate angles. $\overline{E^{\prime} F^{\prime}} \quad \overline{D^{\prime} F^{\prime}}$


## P. 278 Q. 5-6

Measure the angles and sides of triangle $D^{\prime} E^{\prime} F^{\prime}$ and triangle DEF. Are the two triangles similar? Explain your reasoning.


Three pairs of corresponding sides are proportional.
Determine if this is sufficient information to conclude that the triangles are similar. Ye

Side-Side-Side Similarity Theorem: SSS~T If all three corresponding sides of two triangles are proportional, then the triangles are similar.


$$
\text { If } \frac{A B}{D E}=\frac{B C}{E F}=\frac{A C}{D F} \text {, then } \triangle A B C \sim \triangle D E F
$$

## P. 279 Q. 8

Determine whether $\triangle U V W$ is similar to $\triangle X Y Z$. If so, use symbols to write a similarity statement .
$\triangle U V W \sim \triangle X Y Z$


$$
\frac{3}{2}=\frac{3}{2}=\frac{3}{2}-
$$

P. 280 Q. 1

Construct triangle $D^{\prime} E^{\prime} F^{\prime}$ by duplicating an angle and doubling the length of the two sides that make up that angle. Construct the new side lengths separately, and then construct the triangle.


## P. 280 Q. 2-3

Measure the angles and sides of triangle $D^{\prime} E^{\prime} F^{\prime}$ and triangle DEF. Are the two triangles similar? Explain your reasoning.


Two pairs of corresponding sides are proportional and the corresponding included angles are congruent. Determine if this is sufficient information to conclude that the triangles are similar.
Yes

Side-Angle-Side Similarity Theorem: SAS~T
If two of the corresponding sides of two triangles are proportional and are similar.

P. 284

Is $\triangle W Z X \sim \Delta W H P ?$
Explain
If yes write a similarity statement

$$
c W \cong c W \text { reflexive }
$$

$$
A A \sim T
$$





HW 4-1

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 12.11 \square^{8} \quad \frac{x}{8} x^{7} \frac{11}{5.5} \frac{55 x}{5.5}=\frac{88}{55} \\
& x=16 \\
& 5 \cdot \frac{4}{8}=\frac{4.5}{11}
\end{aligned}
$$



