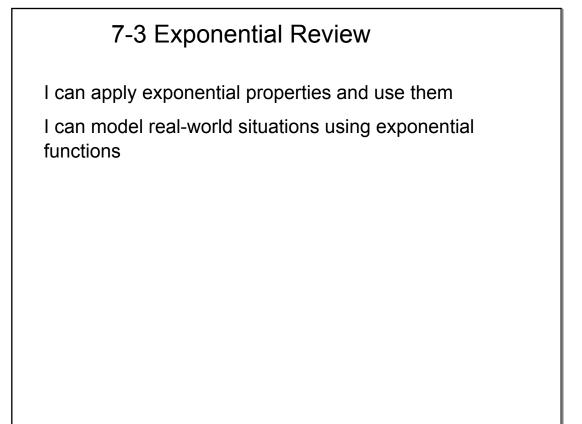
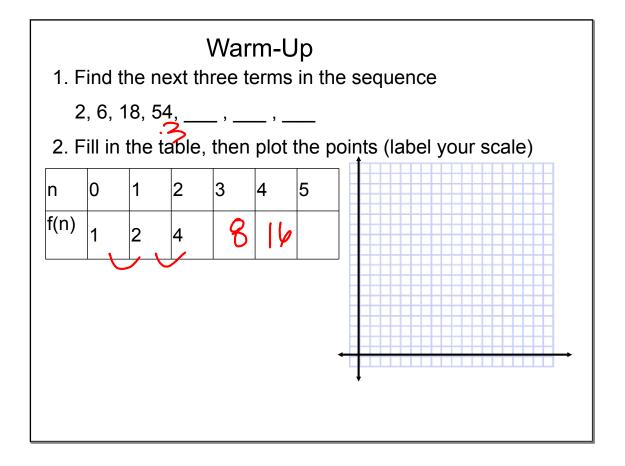
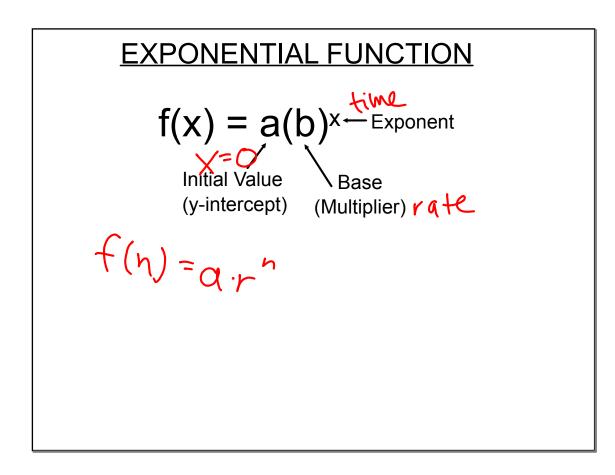
D.J.. 4 A=5000 r = 1.04 5000 + 4. N= O

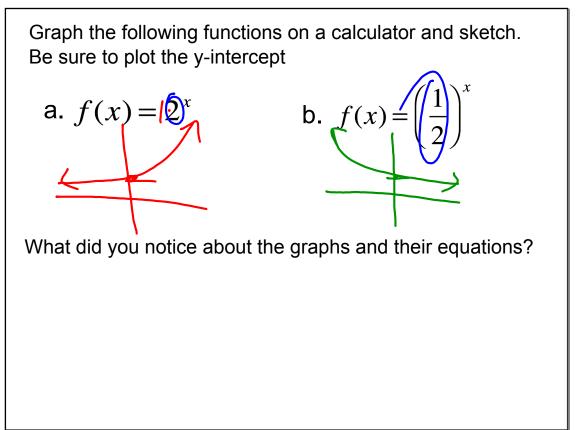


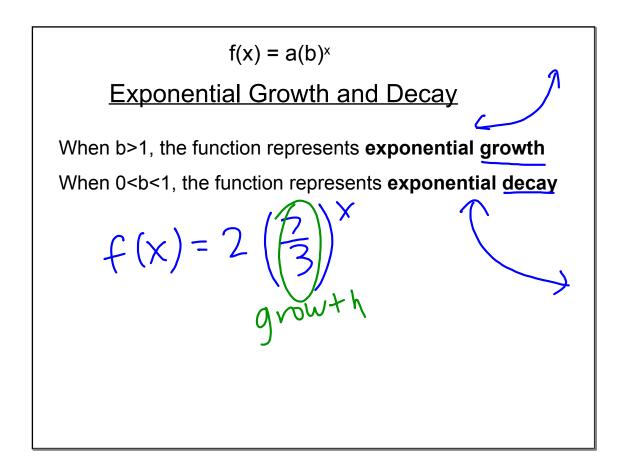


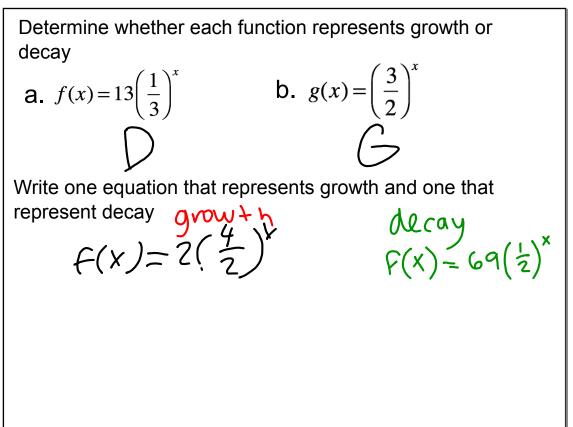
If we connected the points, what do you notice about the graph?

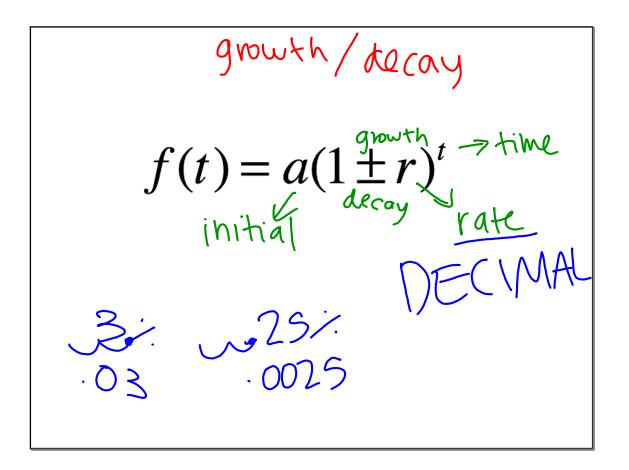
Have you ever seen a graph like this before?

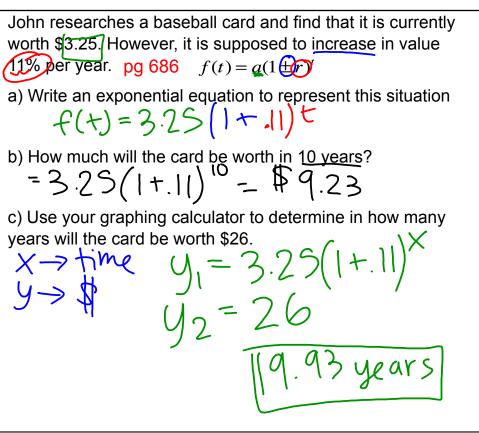


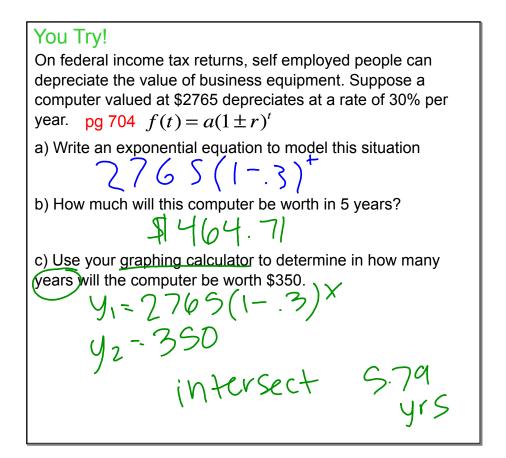






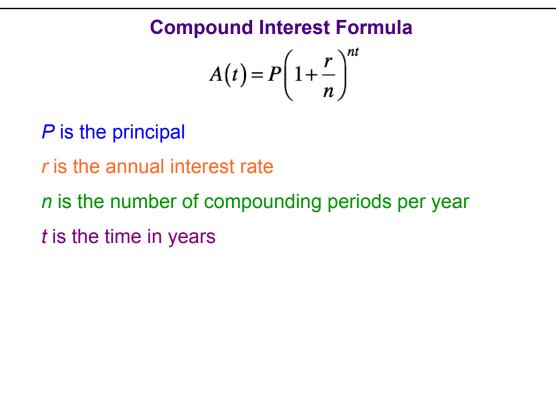






The population of Orem in 1950 was 4,000 and was increasing at a rate of 2,6% per year. a) Predict the population of Orem in <u>1975</u> and 2000. $f(+) = 4000 (1+.026)^{t}$ 1975 $\rightarrow f(25)$.7599 2000-> F(50) 14,435 b) Using your graphing calculator, predict when Orem's population will hit 200,000 people. 152.41 yrs |950 + 152.4|2102.41

The half-life of Carbon-14 is 5700 years. If a fossil decayed from 15 grams to 1.875 grams, how old is the fossil? (use your calculator)



Write an equation then find the final amount for each investment.

a. \$1000 at 8% compounded semiannually for 15 years

$$A(t) = P\left(1 + \frac{r}{n}\right)^{nt}$$

You Try!

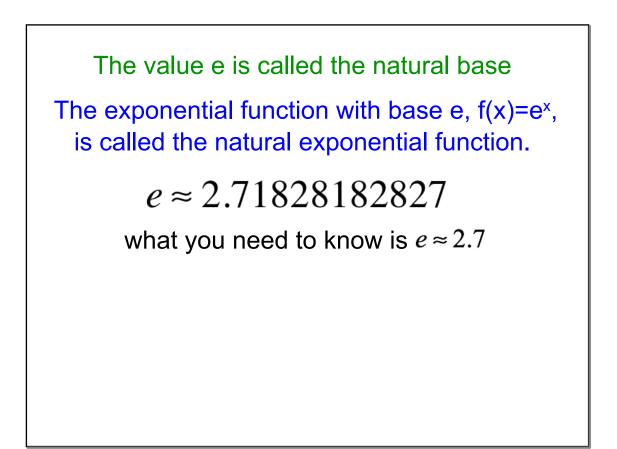
b. \$1750 at 3.65% compounded daily for 10 years

Using a calculator, determine how many years it will take for the amount to reach \$4000.

Compounding schedule	n	$1\left(1+\frac{1}{n}\right)^n$	Value of A
annually	1		
semiannually	2		
quarterly	4		
monthly	12		
daily	365		
hourly	8760		
every minute	525600		

Investigate the growth of \$1 investment that earns 100% annual interest (r=1) over 1 year as the number of compounding periods, n. increases.

What does the value of A approach?



Evaluate $f(x) = e^x$ for a. x = 2

b. $x = \frac{1}{2}$

c. *x* = −1

Many banks compound the interest on accounts daily or monthly. However, some banks compound interest continuously, or at every instant, by using the *continuous compounding formula*.

Continuous Compounding Formula

If *P* dollars are invested at an interest rate *r*, that is compounded continuously, then the amount, *A*, of the investment at time *t* is given by

 $A(t) = Pe^{rt}$

A person invests \$1550 in an account that earns 4% annual interest compounded continuously.

a. Write an equation to represent this situation

b. Using a calculator, find when the value of the investment reaches \$2000.

 $Pg 730 A(t) = Pe^{rt}$

An investment of \$1000 earns an annual interest rate of 7.6%.

Compare the final amounts after 8 years for interest *compounded quarterly* and for interest *compounded continuously.*

CHECK:

-What is the difference between growth and decay?

-What does each piece of the equation $y = a(b)^x$ represent?